**O’rganilayotgan til nazariy aspektlari fanidan yakuniy nazorat testi.**

1. Grammar based on how people currently use a language rather than on past usage and grammar is called
2. schema theory
3. **descriptive grammar**
4. grammar translation
5. The study of \_\_\_\_\_ looks at all the ways particular words and phrases are being used.
6. phonemes.
7. dialect.
8. **usage.**
9. A language form with non-standard usage and pronunciation that's only heard in one area is
10. **a local dialect**
11. a native language
12. a semantic language
13. Which term refers to any unit of language with meaning?
14. **Morpheme**
15. Phoneme
16. lexis
17. Which term refers to the smallest units of sound in a language?
18. Morpheme
19. **Phoneme**
20. Lexis
21. Which term refers to all the words and word forms in a language that have meaning or function?
22. Morpheme
23. Phoneme
24. **lexis**
25. A morpheme that occurs before, after, or within the root or stem of a word is called.
26. a prefix
27. a suffix
28. **an affix**
29. The study of language meaning, including connotative meaning, is called
30. **Semantics**
31. Syntax
32. Lexicology
33. The study of rules related to proper sentence formation is called
34. Semantics
35. **Syntax**
36. Lexicology
37. The study of the form, meaning and behaviour of words is called
38. Semantics
39. Syntax
40. **Lexicology**

11. Find the synonym of the following word

Adjectives

1. [reduction](javascript:void(0);)
2. [lessening](javascript:void(0);)
3. **identifier**

12. Find the synonym of the following word

Altruistic.

1. humanist
2. [greedy](javascript:void(0);)
3. [**considerate**](javascript:void(0);)

13. Find the synonym of the following word

Aerobic.

1. **drill**
2. [inertia](javascript:void(0);)
3. [inactive](javascript:void(0);)

14. Find the synonym of the following word

Faux pas.

1. [correction](javascript:void(0);)
2. [right](javascript:void(0);)
3. **blooper**

15. Find the synonym of the following word

Advocate.

1. [opponent](javascript:void(0);)
2. [protestor](javascript:void(0);)
3. **speaker**

16. Find the synonym of the following word

Implied

1. [open](javascript:void(0);)
2. **latent**
3. [explicated](javascript:void(0);)

17. Find the synonym of the following word

Consensus

1. [denial](javascript:void(0);)
2. [opposition](javascript:void(0);)
3. **concord**

18. Find the synonym of the following word

Docile.

1. [headstrong](javascript:void(0);)
2. [unyielding](javascript:void(0);)
3. **pliant**

19. Find the synonym of the following word

Eloquent.

1. [dull](javascript:void(0);)
2. [**vivid**](javascript:void(0);)
3. [calm](javascript:void(0);)

20. Find the synonym of the following word

Dogmatic.

1. [ambiguous](javascript:void(0);)
2. **stubborn**
3. [submissive](javascript:void(0);)

21. Lexicography is-

a) the theory of studying language meanings

b) the theory of learning word and vocabulary

c) **the theory of compiling dictionaries**

22. Dictionaries which regarded to the time can be:

a) unilingual, bilingual, multilingual

b) **synchronic and diachronic**

c) general and special

23. What is the dictionary which gives the information on all branches of knowledge?

a) linguistic dictionary

b) general dictionary

c) **encyclopedic dictionaries**

24. Lexicology enterprise -

a) **the science of word**

b) the science of vocabulary

c) the science of morphemes

25. What is the Descriptive Lexicology?

a) Descriptive lexicology deals with the vocabulary of a language that exists at a given time

b) Descriptive lexicology deals with the vocabulary units of a particular language at a certain time

**c) Both answers are true**

26. What are the borrowings?

**a) the words taken over from another language**

b) words especially borrowed long ago from native word without etymological analysis

c) Both answers are true

27. What are the words mostly taken from Latin and Greek origin and convey notions which are significant in the field of communication in different countries?

**a) international words**

b) loan words

c) etymological doublets

28. Find the antonym to the word **capricious**

a) **steadfast**

b) pedantic

c) capable

29. Find the synonym to the word **convivial**

**a) genial**

b) excited

c) happy

30. Words expressing emotion are called ….

a) evaluator words

**b) emotionally colored words**

c) semantic changed words

31. What plays an important role in forming emotionally colored words?

a) deminutive affixes

b) derogatory affixes

**c) Both answers are true**

32. What are these words: cattwitted, dirty dog, colt?

a) emotionally colored words

**b) evaluator words**

c) vulgar words

33. What is a semantic field?

a) set of words not related in meaning

b) semantically related words

**c) a group of words that have the same meaning and that are part of a different lexical category**

34. What is a field of meaning?

a) semantically related words

**b) semantic field**

c) lexical changes

35. Find the synonym to the word **ebullient**

a) distraught

b) melancholy

**c) lively**

36. Find whether the given words are polysemantic or homonymy:

My dog would always bark at mailmen.

The tree’s bark was a rusty brown.

**a) homonymy**

b) polysemy

c) unclear case

37. The branch of linguistics which deals with the study of meaning is…

a) semantics

**b) semasiology**

c) polysemy

38. A word having several meanings is called…

**a) polysemantic**

b) homonymy

c) synonymy

39. A word having the opposite meanings are…

a) homonymy

**b) antonym**

c) polysemy

40. A word having the same spelling is…

a) homophones

**b) homographs**

c) homonyms

41. A word having the same sound is…

a) homographs

**b) homophones**

c) homonyms

42. Find the synonym to the word **unique**

a) numerous

b) distinguished

**c) singular**

43. Find antonym to the word **infirm**

a) anemic

b) hospitable

**c) robust**

44. What is an internal structure?

a) semantics

b) meaning

**c) Both answers are true**

45. Lexical meaning is…

a) the main meaning of the given word

b) semantic meaning

**c) the realization of concepts or emotions by means of a definite language system**

46. Approach to meaning can be…

a) referential and functional

b) information-oriented

**c) Both answers are true**

47.…approach distinguishes between three components connected with sound –form, concept and reality.

**a) referential**

b) functional

c) information-oriented

48. According to what approach do the words move and movement differentiated?

a) referential

**b) functional**

c) information-oriented

49. Operational approach is…

**a) defines the meaning through it’s role in the process of communication**

b) maintains the meaning not through it’s relation or referent

c) connected with the referent which identifies the concept according to basic triangle system

50. The segmentation of words is generally carried out according to the method of…

**a) Immediate constituents**

b) component analysis

c) transformation

51. The basic unit at the derivational analysis is…

**a) stem**

b) suffix

c) prefix